# **Instructions for Astra Linux Common Edition 2.12 OS** installation within VMware vSphere infrastructure

The target audience: engineers

- Creating a Virtual Machine with the New Virtual Machine Wizard.
- VM launch
- OS installation





## (i) List of sources used

VMware's Product documentation and Technical Articles were used.

https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/index.html.



VMware vSphere hypervisor is needed to create a virtual machine.

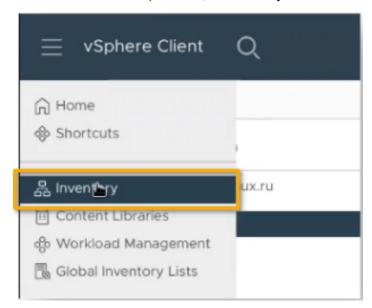
A hypervisor, also known as a virtual machine monitor or VMM, is software that creates and runs virtual machines (VMs). A hypervisor allows one host computer to support multiple guest VMs by virtually sharing its resources, such as memory and processing.

https://www.vmware.com/products/vsphere.html

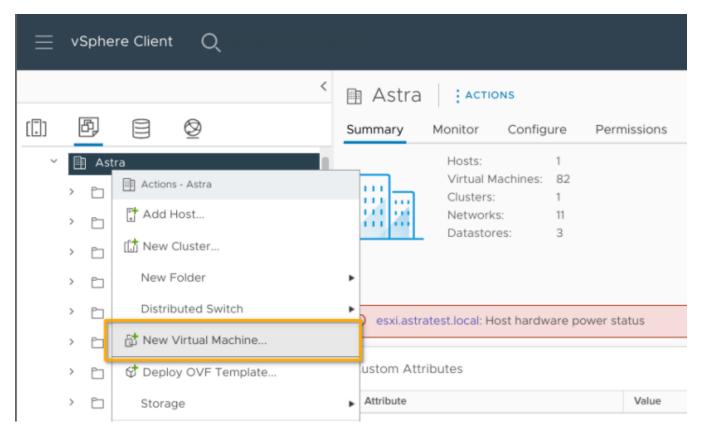
## Creating a Virtual Machine with the New Virtual Machine Wizard.

https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/7.0/com.vmware.vsphere.vm\_admin.doc/GUID-AE8AFBF1-75D1-4172-988C-378C35C9FAF2.html

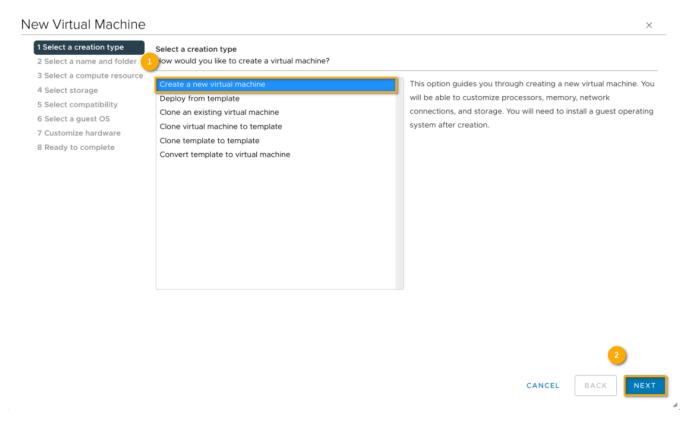
To create a new VM launch vSphere Client, select Inventory in the Main Menu.

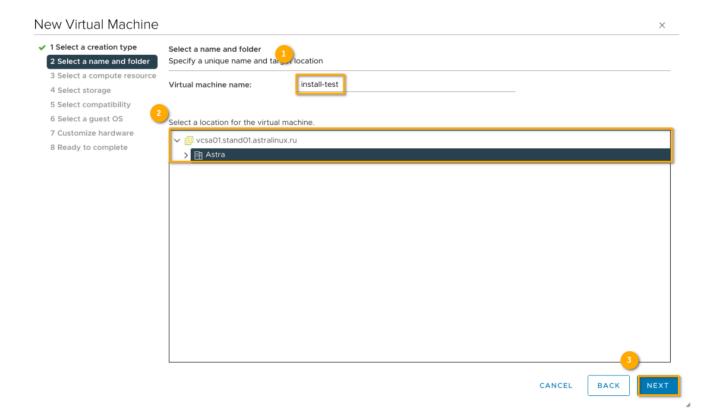


Right-click any inventory object (such as a data center, folder, cluster, resource pool, or host) to assign it a parent object for VM, and then select New Virtual Machine.

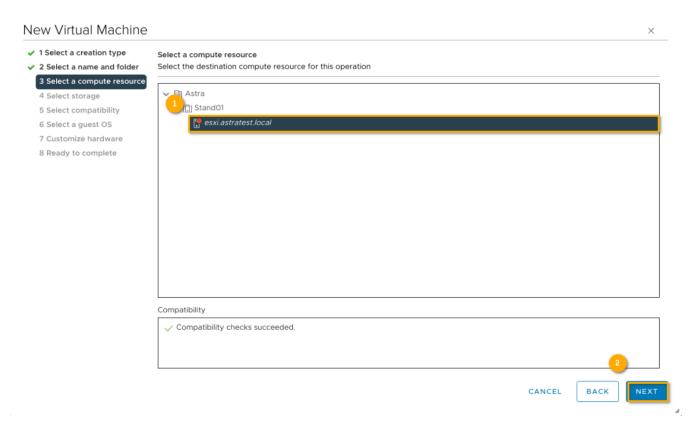


In a New Virtual Machine window on the 1 Select a creation type page, select Create a new virtual machine and click Next.





On the **3 Select a compute resource** page, select the host, cluster, resource pool, or vApp where the VM will run and click **Next**. If creating the VM at the selected location causes compatibility problems, an alarm appears in the Compatibility pane.

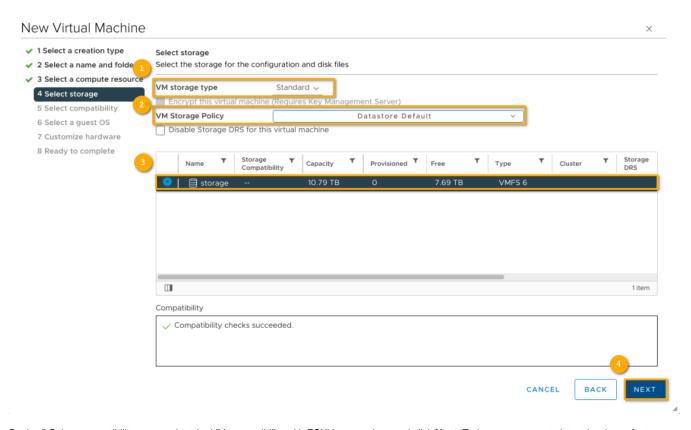


On the 4 Select storage page, choose next:

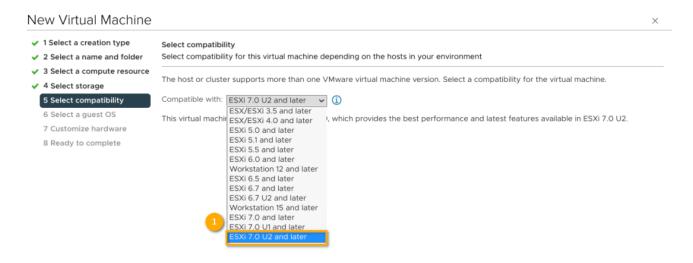
• VM storage type, by default - Standard

- VM Storage Policy, by default Datastore Default.
- a datastore or datastore cluster where VM's files should be stored in

#### Click Next.



On the 5 Select compatibility page, select the VM compatibility with ESXi host versions and click **Next.** To have an access to latest hardware features, select the latest ESXi host version.

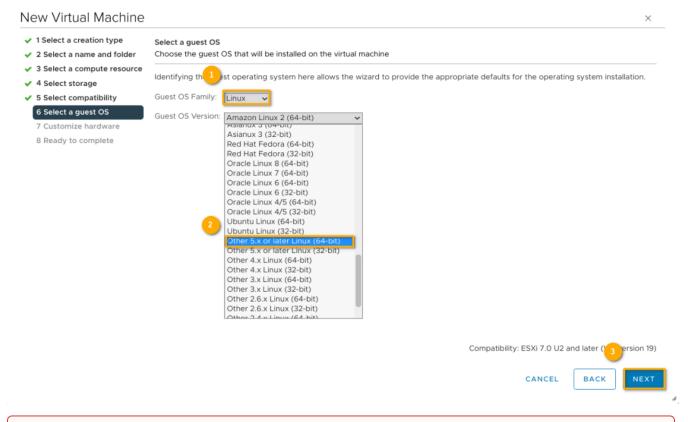




On the 6 Select a guest OS page specify:

- Guest OS Family Linux
- Guest OS Version Other 4.x or later Linux (64-bit) or Other 5.x or later Linux (64-bit).

#### Click Next.





#### Warning!

Important: Do not change the firmware after OS is installed. Operating system installer partitions the disk in a particular format, depending on the firmware version. If the firmware be changed, it will not be able to boot the guest OS.

On the 7 Customize hardware page, configure the VM hardware and options.

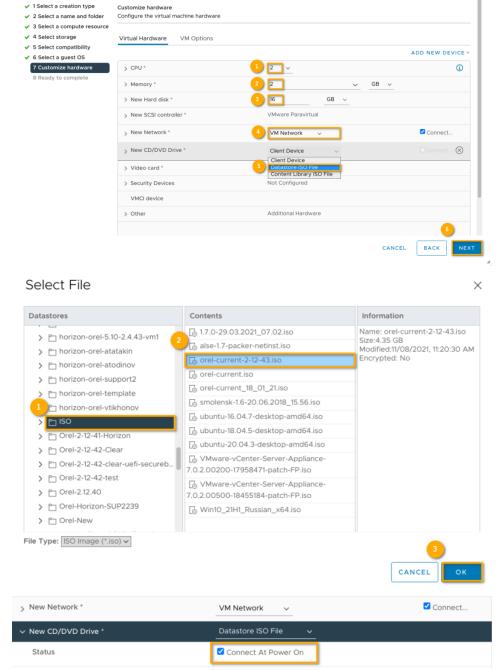


#### Note.

You can leave the defaults and configure VM hardware and options later. Some actions require VM to be powered off for changes to take effect.

### Configuring VM Hardware:

- . CPU Configuring Virtual CPU allows to add, change, or configure CPU resources to improve VM performance.
- Memory Configuring Virtual Memory allows to add, change, or configure VM memory resources or options to enhance VM performance.
- New Hard disk\* Configuring Virtual Disk allows to add large-capacity virtual disks to VMs and add more space to existing disks, even when
  the VM is running.
- New SCSI controller\* This setting allows to tweak SCSI, SATA, and NVMe Storage Controller conditions, limitations, and compatibility. To
  access virtual disks and SCSI devices, a VM uses storage controllers, which are added by default when you create the VM. You can add
  additional controllers or change the controller type after VM creation.
- New Network\* Configuring VM Network. vSphere networking features provide communication between VMs on the same host, on different
  hosts, and between other virtual and physical machines. It is possible to select or change an adapter type, a network connection, and
  network connection if needed at VM startup.
- New CD/DVD Drive\* It is necessary to select the device from which the OS will be installed (please use a Select File form to specify Datast
  ore ISO File). Set the Connect At Power On status, to initialize CD/DVD-Drive at VM startup.



- Security Devices Securing VMs with Virtual Trusted Platform Module.
- Other Configuring other VM Device. Not all devices are available to add and configure.

#### Configuring VM Options:

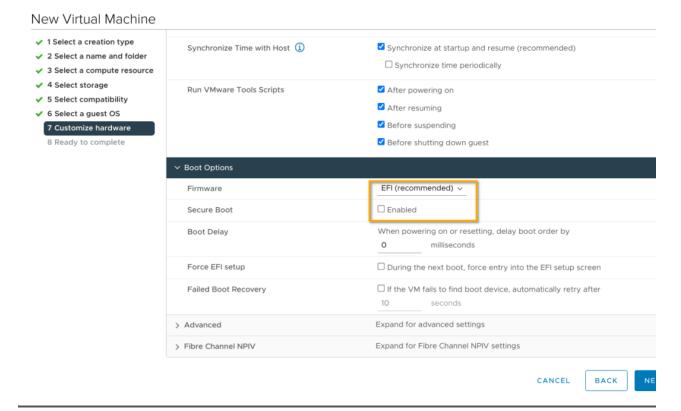
New Virtual Machine

- General Options in this section, it's possible to view following settings:
  - VM name
  - VM configuration file location
  - VM working location
  - Guest operating system and OS version

Currently, it's allowed only to edit the VM name.

- VMware Remote Console Options VM lock settings and simultaneous connections settings.
- Encription VM encryption settings.
- Power management VM suspend behavior.
- VMware Tools VMware Tools scripts. It is possible to set up automatic VMware Tools update, automatic time synchronization between VM /guest and hypervisor at startup or resume, and periodical time synchronization.

 Boot Options – VM boot options. By default, the Firmware field is set to EFI. Secure Boot option needs to be disabled because it's not supported by FPP (Full Product Package) Astra Linux Common Edition 2.12..



- Advanced advanced VM options:
  - Acceleration and logging settings
  - Debugging and statistics
  - Swap file location
  - Latency sensitivity
- Fiber Channen NPIV allows to change the virtual node and port World Wide Names (WWNs).



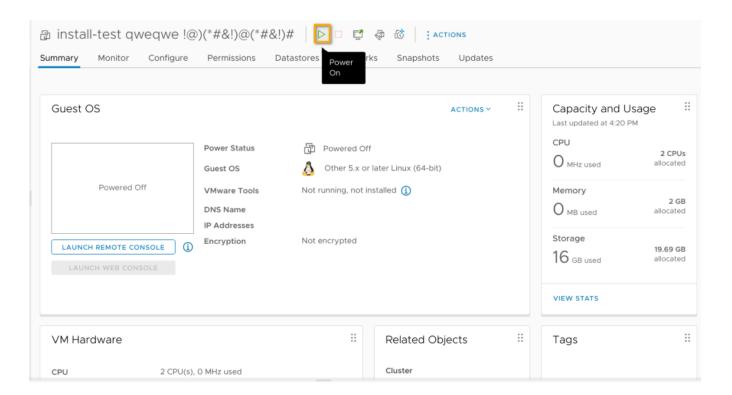
You can view or change VM settings within vSphere client. Not every setting is available for either VM, defaults are preferable for some of them. Read more here.

After completing hardware and VM settings, click Next.

On the 8 Ready to complete page, review details and click Finish. Creation and configuration complete.

## VM launch

In the vSphere Client, select the VM and start it by clicking the **Power On** button at the top of the window. Wherein the **Power Status** parameter will be displayed as **Powered On**.



## OS installation

Select the VM to install OS, and launch console with the **Launch Console** button . In the OS launch window, specify an installation mode and then follow the standard instructions (PDF to download – here). Setup and Maintenance Instructions for Astra Linux Common Edition 2.12. – here.



After OS installed and configured, VMware Tools should be installed by entering following string in a Fly terminal (<Alt+T>)

```
apt install open-vm-tools open-vm-tools-desktop
```

VMware Tools improves the interaction between VM and hypervisor, increases the performance of VM's operating system.

Please note that VMware Tools set is only available for Astra Linux Common Edition 2.12.43 and later.

Correct OS and VMware Tools installation and launch are indicated by the Running state and VMware Tools version displayed.

